



- Indicated for bacterial respiratory disease
- Against foot infections
- Tylosin is not an antibiotic used in human medicine, therefore it is included in category 1 of the PRAN as first choice or regular use

The advantages of being injectable tartrate tylosin

- Totally soluble active ingredient, as compared to tylosin bases which are partially soluble
- It is absorbed better and we achieve high plasma levels quicker
- Tartrate salt hardly produces any pain at the point of inoculation

Excellent quality

- Endorsed by our customers for its high quality
- Registered for use up to 20 mg/kg body weight/day for five consecutive days

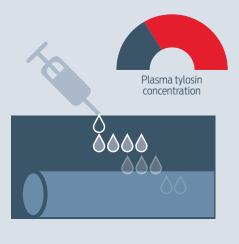


Tilosina Labiana Injectable solution



Tylosin base

Products in the market with Tylosin base can only be administered up to 10 mg/kg of bodyweight as per SPC which might prove insufficient to treat some disease processes...



Tylosin Tartrate With TILOSINA LABIANA you can safely increase the treatment dose up to 20 mg/kg of bodyweight as per SPC which might prove more effective for multiple disease processes (lameness...) Plasma tylosin concentration

COMPOSITION PER ML

INDICATIONS

Bovine:

- Respiratory infections caused by Pasteurella multocida, Arcanobacterium pyogenes or Fusobacterium necrophorum.
- Foot infections caused by Fusobacterium necrophorum.

DOSAGE AND ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION

Bovine:

10-20 mg of tylosin/kg l.w./day (equivalent to 0.5-1 ml /10 kg l.w./day), for 5 consecutive days by deep intramuscular route.

The duration of the treatment must not exceed 5 days. The weight of the animals must be determined with the greatest possible precision to avoid insufficient dosing.

Respect a maximum volume per point of injection of 5 ml.

Anticipate a sufficient separation between the points of injection when several places of administration are necessary. Give a light massage at the point of injection.

WITHDRAWAL PERIOD

Bovine: Meat: 33 days.

Milk: 5 days (120 hours).

CONTRAINDICATIONS

- Do not use in case of known hypersensitivity to tylosin, to other macolides and/or to any of the excipients.
- Do not use in animals with kidney and/or liver failure.
- Do not use in horses or other equines in which the injection of tylosin can be fatal.
- Do not use in case of suspected cross-resistance to other macrolides.

PRECAUTIONS AND ADVERSE REACTIONS

Local reactions with necrosis and hemorrhaging have been observed frequently. In bovine, an increase in the frequency of the pulse, tachypnea, and vulva swelling has been observed.

PRESENTATIONS

100 and 250 ml vials.

Registry no. 2669 ESP

Medication subject to veterinary prescription. Administration under veterinary control or supervision.

